

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN
FOR THE
GLEN COVE
FORMER MANUFACTURED GAS PLANT SITE

Prepared by

National Grid

February 2022

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Citizen participation is an integral component of remedial programs in New York State. Input from affected or interested individuals and organizations on the remedial program helps ensure outcomes that account for both technical and human concerns for protecting public health and the environment. A project-specific plan is needed to inform and involve community residents, public and private leaders, and other stakeholders. This Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) documents the planned project-specific public outreach activities and resources organized for the remedial program associated with the former Manufactured Gas Plant (MGP) site.

The primary purpose of this CPP plan is to outline a variety of communication methods that, based on applicable New York State law and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) regulations and guidance, provide for constructive communication of program activities among the stakeholders and other interested parties. This CPP includes methods intended to inform interested parties of program developments, elicit responses and public involvement, and provide a central point of contact for inquiries regarding the remedial program for the Glen Cove former Manufactured Gas Plant Site (MGP) Project. Given this context, this CPP presents the planned communication and outreach activities, describes how interested individuals and groups can participate in the remedial program and provides a variety of reference materials to facilitate gaining access to project-specific information and management personnel.

Both the NYSDEC and National Grid are committed to the implementation of this CPP as required by 6 NYCRR Part 375, applicable NYSDEC guidance (e.g., Citizen Participation in New York's Hazardous Waste Site Remediation Program: A Guidebook, dated June 1998), the Administrative Order on Consent (Index # D1-0001-98-11) and the statewide Inactive Hazardous Waste Site Citizen Participation Plan (NYSDEC, 1988). As required by 6 NYCRR Part 375-1.5, NYSDEC and National Grid will review and update this CPP to account for significant changes in the Glen Cove Project's remedial program.

2.0 BASIC SITE INFORMATION

In May 1999, the NYSDEC and National Grid signed an Administrative Order on Consent (Index D1-0001-98-11), to investigate and remediate hazardous substances believed to exist at the Glen Cove Site. The Glen Cove Site is located in the City of Glen Cove, Nassau County, New York and covers a 1.91-acre area. (see Figure 1 - Site Location Map).

The Glen Cove former MGP site is located near the north shore of Long Island, east of Hempstead Harbor. Property owned by the Long Island Rail Road (LIRR) is located north of the site and a major highway, Route 107, is located to the west. Also located to the west is the Glen Cove Creek. South and east of the site is a mixed neighborhood of commercial operations and low income housing.

The site has an L-shape, and its overall appearance is bowl-like. It is accessed via a driveway off of Grove Street, which is located to the south of the site. The driveway slopes downward significantly from Grove Street and the residential area. There is a vertical retaining wall constructed of wooden ties 25 to 30 feet high along the southern boundary of the eastern extension of the site, near the existing substation. The northern boundary also has a steep slope, leading up to the property where the LIRR tracks and a health club exist.

The Glen Cove site opened as a gas plant in 1904 under the ownership of Sea Cliff and Glen Cove Gas Company. The site provided gas to customers in Sea Cliff, Glen Cove and the Town of Oyster Bay. Except for the year of 1912, when the site was leased to a company based in New Jersey, it was owned and operated by Sea Cliff and Glen Cove Gas Company. In 1923, however, that company was purchased or merged with LILCO. In 1929, LILCO closed the plant and it was demolished shortly after that date.

In 1998, when Brooklyn Union and LILCO merged and KeySpan was formed, the ownership of the Glen Cove site transferred to LIPA. KeySpan was acquired by National Grid in 2008. Currently, the eastern portion of the site is occupied by an operating, fenced substation that is owned by LIPA and operated under contract by the Public Service Enterprise Group – Long Island (PSEG-LI).

PSEG-LI personnel check the status of the substation and conduct routine maintenance and operating activities. The western portion of the site is unused. A paved roadway enters the southern side of the site from Grove Street and extends to the substation.

Figure 1 – Site Location Map



3.0 REMEDIAL PROGRAM OVERVIEW

3.1 New York State Remedial Program Overview

KeySpan (now National Grid) entered into an Administrative Order on Consent immediately following the merger of Brooklyn Union and Long Island Lighting Company. Under the Consent Order, National Grid will evaluate environmental conditions and as necessary remediate conditions at the former MGP site. Under the terms of the NYSDEC Consent Order, National Grid is currently completing a Remedial Investigation (RI). National Grid will then submit a Feasibility Study (FS) which will evaluate on-Site and off-Site remedial actions to eliminate, to the extent possible, health and environmental hazards to allow safe continued use of the site. The FS will incorporate a site-specific risk assessment that shall evaluate a range of exposure scenarios based upon current and expected future uses of the Site. The Consent Order also permits National Grid to perform one or more partial Interim Remedial Measures to more quickly remediate contamination before completion of the FS.

Under the Consent Order, after the site and its potential risks to human health and the environment are fully characterized and the remedial alternatives are evaluated in the FS, the NYSDEC published a proposed remedial action plan. Based on National Grid, LIPA, NYSDEC, NYSDOH, and public review and comment, a decision document was published as the final remedial alternative for the Site in a Record of Decision (ROD). National Grid submitted a remedial design to implement the final remedial alternative outlined in the ROD. The Remedial Design includes a detailed description of the remedial objectives and the means by which each essential element of the selected remedial alternative will be implemented to achieve those objectives. National Grid has now commenced construction of the first phase of remediation, building a retaining wall and then conducting excavation of contaminated soils in defined areas. Finally, National Grid will submit to NYSDEC a detailed Post-Remedial Operations and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan). The O&M Plan provides the means to track the effectiveness of the completed remedial work.

For more information on the remedial program and process in New York State, interested parties can contact any of the state representatives listed in Appendix D.

3.2 Project Area Investigation History

During 1989, the USEPA conducted an on-site reconnaissance in association with a preliminary assessment of the site. The site was assigned a medium priority for further investigation. A Phase I Site Investigation was performed by LILCO in April 1997. The investigation concluded that there was source material present on the site, along with groundwater contamination.

After the merger between Brooklyn Union and Long Island Lighting Co., National Grid took additional steps to ensure site security and mitigate any potential releases from identifiable point sources such as abandoned piping conduits. Fencing and other security measures were conducted during Fall of 1998 (October through December) to ensure that the site was adequately secured. Also, a piping closure effort was commenced in Winter of 1999 (January through March) to reduce potential pathways for off-site migration via possible existing conduits. This work was performed in anticipation of the pending Order on Consent Remedial Investigation work and the information retained from the piping closure effort will be integrated into the Remedial Investigation effort under the Order on Consent.

A Final Remedial Investigation Report was accepted by the NYSDEC in Fall 2008. A summary of the findings of the Report are:

1. The RI results define the existing site conditions, nature and extent of chemical constituents at the site and in the surrounding environmental media and potential human health and environmental risk.
2. MGP-related residuals have been visually observed in the subsurface soils in the form of solid tar, dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL), which are residuals expectable of a former MGP. MGP-related residuals contain chemical constituents of concern including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) several of which are carcinogenic. DNAPL residual impacts occur over a relatively compact area beneath and just downgradient of the former MGP operations and extend just beyond the northern site limits. The DNAPL impacts generally begin at or just above the water table and decrease with depth to approximately 45 feet below the site.

3. As a result of the relative absence of MGP-related DNAPL visual impacts in soil above the water table, BTEX constituents are not constituents of concern in the upper 10 feet of site soil. Comparison of the background surface soil study results to PAHs detected onsite in surface soils suggest a potential contribution of PAH constituents from activities conducted on the former MGP site after its operations ended or as part of placement of the surface fill soils. The background surface soil study indicated certain metals detected on-site are consistent with local conditions surrounding the site and are not likely attributable to the activities on the former MGP site.
4. Soil vapor samples were collected on properties adjacent to the site to evaluate the potential migration of chemicals of potential concern (COPC) impacting adjacent structures. Although COPCs were detected in soil vapor on these properties above the Upper Fence Values of the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Background Outdoor Air Concentrations the concentrations were too low to present a risk if associated with a structure. They were also too low to determine whether their presence in the soil vapor was related to activities conducted on these properties versus soil vapor migrating from the site. Therefore, no further investigation regarding off-site soil vapor is warranted.
5. The RI and Qualitative Human Health Exposure Assessment (QHHEA) indicate that there are potential pathways through which individuals on and near the site could be exposed to potentially hazardous materials related to former MGP activities. The existing institutional and engineering controls, including the existing gravel or other surface cover restrict direct contact with surface soils; the fencing and gating restrict public access; and continued employee awareness training of the site soil and groundwater conditions mitigate these pathways and should be maintained. The greatest risk of potential exposure is associated with subsurface construction activities in near surface soils and groundwater, if undertaken without appropriate precautions. Domestic or public supply wells located within the potential search radius are not anticipated to be impacted, due to their significant distance (greater than mile) from the former Glen Cove MGP site. Overall, there are no significant imminent threats to human health that warrant an interim remedial action.
6. There are minimal potential risks of wildlife exposure, given the industrial use of the property and highly transient nature of the wildlife.

The NYSDEC issued a Decision Document in March 2010 identifying the remedial action for the site. The following are the components of the selected remedy:

1. Removal of accessible contaminated soils on the Site located outside the active LIPA substation, for off-site treatment and/or disposal. MGP-related soil contamination and other materials at and below the groundwater table will be removed to a depth of up to 15 feet below the ground surface. The final removal depth will vary by area based on the Site condition and the extent of impacts.
2. Installation of an oxygen injection system to encourage natural microbial degradation of site-related contaminants in the groundwater.
3. Installation of tar recovery wells within the active substation to collect mobile tar that remains in the subsurface. Tar which moves into these wells will be removed on a periodic basis and shipped off site for proper treatment and disposal.
4. Since the remedy results in contamination above unrestricted levels remaining at the site, an institutional control in the form of a deed restriction will be required for the site.

5. A site management plan (SMP) will be developed and implemented following the completion of the site remedy. The SMP will identify the institutional controls and engineering controls required and detail their implementation.

Phase I of the remediation was performed in accordance with the remedy detailed in the NYSDEC-approved RAWP dated May 2010 and the Revised Figures for Phase I RAWP, GEI, dated April 29, 2011. This consisted of the removal of MGP-impacted materials, via excavation, where they were present and accessible. The Phase I RA included the removal of the top 8 feet of urban fill, which allowed for the subsequent removal of accessible MGP-related source material or “hot spots” located beneath the fill. These “hot spots” were excavated to a depth of approximately 15 feet below grade. The limits of what was considered to be accessible material were defined by the substation infrastructure, utility poles, and the channelized Glen Cove Creek. After removal, the excavated soils were transported off-site for treatment and disposal at an appropriately permitted thermal desorption facility. The excavation was lined with a demarcation barrier and brought back to final grade using clean backfill. The site was then restored to a condition at the direction of LIPA, which accommodate their facility upgrades.

Phase II of the remediation was performed in accordance with the remedy detailed in the NYSDEC-approved Phase II RAWP dated September 26, 2014. This consisted of the installation of a oxygen injection groundwater treatment system and recovery wells. The treatment system was installed in July 2017.

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4.0 CITIZEN PARTICIPATION ACTIVITIES

This section presents the specific citizen participation and outreach activities planned for implementation during the remedial program and to be implemented in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 375. Operating under project-specific citizen participation goals, clearly defined objectives will be achieved by implementing a range of communication tools and methods. The planned activities are geared toward making project-specific information (e.g., work plans, technical reports, information sheet summaries) available to the public; facilitating communication among stakeholders including the creation of contact list, scheduling and conduction public meetings, establishing comment periods and notifying the public of document availability, public meetings, comment periods and major program milestones.

4.1 Goals and Objectives

The central goal of this CPP is to achieve effective, open communication among stakeholders and interested parties, National Grid, LIPA and the NYSDEC. Common goals include:

1. Communicate program goals and major milestones, actions and outcomes;
2. Inform citizens and others of on-going project activities, status and progress;
3. Provide citizens (and all stakeholders) a forum for input and comment;
4. Engender a public understanding of constituents of interest, their potential effects on human health and the environment, and appropriate responses to mitigate those effects.

In order to accomplish these goals, the following specific objectives will be pursued through the implementation of this CPP:

1. Consistently communicate goals, accomplishments and status of the project to the contact list (including community leaders, public officials and the wider community, as necessary) through appropriate means;

2. Establish, maintain, update and utilize the contact lists;
3. Educate the community, in lay terms, about the nature and magnitude of potential site risks, including instructions for mitigating risk (if appropriate) and assurances that the environment and worker/public health and safety are protected;
4. Provide interested parties the opportunity to review and comment on technical reports generated through the remedial program (e.g. public comment periods and document repository as required by 6 NYCRR Part 375);
5. Provide interested parties the opportunity to present opinions and ideas during the remedial program (e.g., conduct public meeting/comment period and availability session as required by 6 NYCRR Part 375);
6. Provide responses to public review and comment (e.g., prepare a responsiveness summary as required by 6 NYCRR Part 375);
7. Provide the news media with interviews with authorized National Grid spokespersons or press releases, as available, to ensure accurate coverage of remedial program activities;
8. Provide a designated project spokesperson as point of contact through which community inquiries regarding the project can be addressed consistently and effectively; and
9. Periodically review the effectiveness of the citizen participation and outreach activities during the remedial program and make adjustments in this CPP's methods and/or activities, if necessary.

The community contact list is provided in Appendix C and the Glen Cove former MGP Project site management contacts (NYSDEC, NYSDOH and National Grid representatives) are provided in Appendix D.

4.2 Tools and Methods

There are many ways to reach and communicate with the community and other interested parties as this CPP is implemented over the course of the remedial program. A variety of outreach tools and methods will be used to ensure proper communication with the interested parties that include various organizations, public and business leaders, and a diverse assemblage of individuals of all ages, education backgrounds and cultures.

Interested parties will be informed and invited to participate in the planned citizen participation activities through appropriate means such as mailings to the contact list, legal notice in newspapers, press releases, information sheets and other documents made available in the document repository.

The following specific public participation activities will be implemented as required by 6 NYCRR Part 375 and current NYSDEC guidance.

4.2.1 Document Repository

A document repository has been established in a publicly accessible location that has accommodations necessary to house and make project-related documents available for community reference and review. The use of a document repository is intended to maximize public access to site information while minimizing abuse, destruction, or theft of project documentation.

The document repositories for the Glen Cove Project are:

1. Glen Cove Library
4 Glen Cove Avenue
Glen Cove, NY 11542
Contact: Ms. Antonia Petrash, Director

2. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Region 1 Headquarters
Building 40
SUNY – Stony Brook
Stony Brook, NY 11790-2356
Telephone: (631) 444-0241
Hours of Operation: M – F, 9 a.m. – 5 p.m.
Appointments required

The following documents, as available, will be placed in the repository:

1. Administrative Order on Consent;

2. Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) Work Plan which includes the Citizen Participation Plan (CPP);
3. RI Report;
4. FS Report;
5. Proposed Remedial Action Plan;
6. Record of Decision (ROD);
7. Remedial Design;
8. Post-Remedial O&M Plan; and
9. Other Materials (e.g., Information Sheets, Notices, etc.)

4.2.2 Public Meetings and Comment Period

A Public Meeting was held in the community in January 2010 to present the results of the Remedial Investigation and the next steps in the remediation of the Site. Legal notice of the meeting was published in the local newspaper and direct comments and questions from interested parties were solicited at the meeting. During the public meeting, NYSDEC, NYSDOH and National Grid project managers summarized the findings of the RI Report, FS Report and other actions on the site and answered questions regarding project area characterization, data, activities, remedial alternatives, the preferred remedy presented in the Proposed Remedial Action Program, costs, implementation schedules and criteria used in evaluating the preferred remedy.

After the public meeting, NYSDEC and NYSDOH reviewed all public comments and, where applicable, incorporated the comments into the Remedial Action Program.

It is also possible that public meetings and/or public comment periods may be necessary as the remediation work goes forward. Whether public input will be required in the form of a scheduled meeting and/or written comments will depend upon the nature and extent of the work, and will be determined by NYSDEC and NYSDOH. Any public input will be noticed as discussed above.

4.2.3 Telephone Hotline

National Grid has continually maintained a Telephone Hotline for neighbors of the Glen Cove site at which neighbors can leave questions or comments about the site and receive a response from National Grid's community representative for the site. When there is significant news about the site or a milestone is achieved, the Hotline has an updated message for neighbors. The telephone number for the Hotline is (631)348-6250.

4.2.4 Information Newsletters

Information newsletters will be prepared and distributed to the contact list in order to announce major project milestones and accomplishments throughout the remedial program (e.g. start of construction, major report completion, etc.). Written in lay terms, information newsletters will describe and summarize the project area's history, review the goals of the project, update the status of project plans and/or results, list opportunities for citizen involvement, list key contacts and list the location of the document repositories.

4.2.5 Website

National Grid has established and maintains a website for the project at www.glencovemgpsite.com. The website includes background information about manufactured gas plants, historical information about the Site, a description of work that has been completed during the project and contact information, including links to the NYSDEC's MGP website. The home page contains a periodic update of activities related to the investigation and remediation of the Site. A Key Documents section contains all of the major reports completed during the project, and an archive of Fact Sheets and weekly reports.

4.3 Roles and Responsibilities

The specific roles and associated responsibilities for implementing this CPP are:

1. NYSDEC Remedial Project Manager - The NYSDEC Project Manager is responsible for enforcement, oversight and management of the overall remedial program. Typical citizen participation-related activities include making presentations at public meetings, reviewing project documents such as information sheets and providing technical assistance in preparing the responsiveness summary or answering public inquiries.

2. NYSDEC Citizen Participation Specialist - The Citizen Participation Specialist assists the project managers in implementing the CPP. Typical activities include preparation and/or review of information sheets and the responsiveness summary, and coordination of public meetings and availability sessions.
3. National Grid Project Manager - The National Grid Project Manager, in cooperation with the NYSDEC Project Manager, is responsible for implementing the overall remedial program at the site. Typical citizen participation-related activities include management of CPP implementation, presentations at public meetings and technical assistance to the NYSDEC Project Manager and Citizen Participation Specialist.

4.4 Schedule for Implementing Elements of the CPP

Implementing elements of this CPP will depend upon completion by National Grid and final approval by the NYSDEC of various plans and reports required by the Consent Order governing the Glen Cove former MGP Site, such as the RI/FS Work Plan, RI Report, FS Report, Remedial Design, etc. National Grid has established a document repository and places all completed documents in the repository for public review. Public comments and hearings will be scheduled after NYSDEC approves the FS Report and prepares the Proposed Remedial Action Program. The Responsiveness Summary will be completed shortly after close of the public comment period. Finally, distribution of information sheets will occur and shortly after completion of significant remedial or partial IRM construction activities at the Glen Cove Former MGP Site.

5.0 SUMMARY

Guided by the goals and objectives of this CPP, implementation of the planned public outreach and citizen participation activities will ensure the timely communication of important program information of interest to the local community. Citizen involvement and interaction in the remedial program will be facilitated through specific opportunities such as public meetings, public comment periods, availability sessions and use of the document repositories. Throughout the remedial program, this CPP and its specific outreach tools and methods will be monitored and, as required and agreed by the NYSDEC and National Grid will be adjusted to improve its effectiveness in responding to community needs.

APPENDIX A

GLOSSARY OF KEY CITIZEN PARTICIPATION TERMS AND MAJOR PROGRAM ELEMENTS

Appendix A

GLOSSARY OF KEY CITIZEN PARTICIPATION TERMS AND MAJOR PROGRAM ELEMENTS

Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) - A document that describes the project-specific citizen participation and outreach activities that will take place along-side the technical components of the remedial program. The CPP also provides project information, citizen participation goals and objectives and lists of contact persons and document repositories.

Citizen Participation Specialist - A NYSDEC staff member whose duty it is to provide guidance and assistance in carrying out the CPP. The Citizen Participation Specialist is the key contact for public inquiries about the project and the remedial activities.

Contact List - A list in the CPP (Appendix B) containing names and addresses of individuals, groups, organizations, news media and public representatives interested and/or affected by the project. The contact list is used to distribute important information and notices about the project and the remedial program.

Document Repository - Project documents and other information is placed in the document repositories to facilitate convenient public access to these materials. Documents are available for public reference and review at the NYSDEC Region I office and at the City of Glen Cove Community Development Agency. Refer to Appendix B for more information about the document repository location and hours of operation.

Feasibility Study (FS) - Based on information gathered during the Remedial Investigation (RI), the FS is a process for developing, evaluating and selecting appropriate Remedial Action (RAs) for limiting or eliminating the potential human and environmental hazards of a site. The FS sets out the goals of the remedial actions to be taken, evaluates the most appropriate alternatives and selects the best alternative based on several criteria. The selected remedy is then recommended for implementation in the Proposed Remedial Design Plan, which is subject to public review and comment.

Interim Remedial Measure (IRM) - A discrete action which can be conducted at a site relatively quickly to reduce the risk to people's health and the environment from a well defined waste problem. An IRM can involve cutting and plugging waste conduits, removing contaminated soil and securing a site.

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) - Contaminants typically found at MGP sites and associated with coal tar residues.

Remedial Design (RD) - This report will include a detailed description of the remedial objectives and the means by which each essential element of the selected remedial alternative will be implemented to achieve those objectives. It incorporates the findings of the FS Report to provide a remedial design which will be implemented during the performance of the cleanup activities at the site.

Remedial Investigation (RI) - A process to determine the nature and extent of contamination at a site by analyzing data collected from sampling (e.g., water, soil, air, etc.) at a site. Information gathered throughout the RI is then used to conduct a Focused Feasibility Study (FFS), which proposes and evaluates various remedial alternatives for the site.

Responsiveness Summary - The Responsiveness Summary is prepared by the NYSDEC to address public comments, questions and concerns regarding the proposed remedial action to be taken at a site. The Responsiveness Summary is issued as part of the Remedial Action Program.

Volatile Aromatic Hydrocarbons - Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylene (BTEXs) - Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons and are typical contaminants found at MGP sites and other sites where coal, oil, refined products and other hydrocarbons were burned or used.

APPENDIX B

IDENTIFICATION OF DOCUMENT REPOSITORIES

Appendix B

IDENTIFICATION OF DOCUMENT REPOSITORIES

Mr. Walter J. Parish, PE
Regional Hazardous Waste Engineer
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Region 1 Headquarters
Building 40
SUNY – Stony Brook
Stony Brook, NY 11790-2356
Phone: (631) 444-0241
Hours of Operation: 9:00 AM – 5:00 PM
Appointments required

Glen Cove Library
4 Glen Cove Avenue
Glen Cove, NY 11542
Antonia Petrash, Director
Call for information: (516-676-2130)

APPENDIX C

IDENTIFICATION OF AFFECTED AND/OR INTERESTED PARTIES

Appendix C

IDENTIFICATION OF AFFECTED AND/OR INTERESTED PARTIES

Government Officials

Pamela Panzenbeck ,
Mayor City of Glen
Cove
City Hall
9 Glen Street
Glen Cove, NY 11542
(516) 676-2004
No email yet – newly
elected – will assume
office Jan 2022

County Executive Bruce
Blakeman
Theodore Roosevelt Executive
and Legislative Building
1550 Franklin Avenue,
Mineola, NY 11501
631-571-6492

County Legislator Delia
DeRiggi-Whitton
Theodore Roosevelt Executive
and Legislative Building
1550 Franklin Avenue,
Mineola, NY 11501

(516) 571-6211
DDeriggiWhitton@NassauCountyNY.G
ov

State Assemblyman Chuck Lavine
1 School Street, Suite 303-B
Glen Cove, NY 11542
(516) 676-0050
LavineC@NYAssembly.go
v;

State Senator
Jim Gaughran

485 Under Hill Blvd, Suite
102
Syosset, NY 11791
(516) 922-1811
gaughran@nysenate.gov

Bob Weitzman, PE
Nassau County Department of Health
240 Old Country Road
Mineola, NY 11501

Media

The Glen Cove Record-Pilot
Jennifer Corr, Editor
132 East Second Street
Mineola, NY 11501
(516) 747-8282
jcorr@antonmediagrou

p.com

The Gold Coast Gazette
57 Glen St.
Glen Cove, NY 11542
(516) 671-2360

Community Groups

Glen Cove Chamber of Commerce
Lisa Cohn, resident
264 Glen Street,
Glen Cove, NY 11542
(516) 676-6666
info@glencovechamber.org

Glen Cove Downtown BID/District Management Association
30 Glen Street, #200
Glen Cove, NY 11542
(516) 759-6970

APPENDIX D

IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONTACTS

Appendix D

IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONTACTS

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Scott X. Deyette
Chief, Inspection Unit
NYSDEC - Div. of Environmental Remediation
625 Broadway
Albany, NY 12233-7017
(518) 402-9662

Mr. Walter J. Parish
Regional Hazardous Waste Engineer
NYSDEC - Region 1 Headquarters
Building 40
SUNY-Stony Brook
Stony Brook, NY 11790-2356
(631) 444-0241

Scott Deyette, P.E. (FROM THE
WEBSITE)
Project Manager
NYSDEC - Div. of Environmental
Remediation
625 Broadway
Albany, NY 12233-7017
(518) 402-9794

New York State Department of Health

Ms. Jacqueline
Nealon NYSDOH
Bureau of Environmental Exposure Investigation
547 River Street
Troy, NY 12180-2216
(518) 402-7870, or
1-(800) 458-1158

National Grid

Michael Quinlan
National Grid
175 East Old Country Road
Hicksville, NY 11801

National Grid Glen Cove Project Hotline – (631)348-6250

Mr. Tom Locascio
External Affairs Director
333 Earl Ovington Blvd., Suite 403
Uniondale, NY 11553
631-879-1880
tlocascio@lipower.org

Please leave a message on the Hotline and your call will be promptly returned.